BUSINESSAFE

GOVERNMENT RESEARCH FACILITIES

BusinesSafe is based on the idea that certain businesses and industries may be exploited by terrorists who portray themselves as honest customers seeking to purchase, lease or somehow appropriate certain materials, licenses and/or services to covertly further a terrorist plot.

The following are general indicators of potential terrorist planning or activities. Alone, each indicator can result from legitimate recreational or commercial activities or criminal activity not related to terrorism; however, multiple indicators combined with other information may possibly suggest a terrorist threat.

- Physical surveillance, which may include note taking or the use of binoculars, cameras or maps near key facilities.
- Attempts to gain sensitive information regarding key facilities or personnel through personal contact or by telephone, mail or e-mail.
- Attempts to penetrate or test physical security and response procedures at key facilities.
- Attempts to improperly acquire explosives, weapons, ammunition, dangerous chemicals, flight manuals or other materials which could be used in a terrorist attack.
- Suspicious or improper attempts to acquire official vehicles, uniforms, badges, access cards or identification for key facilities.
- Presence of individuals who do not appear to belong in the workplace, business establishment or near a key facility.
- Behavior which appears to denote planning for terrorist activity, such as mapping out routes, playing out scenarios, monitoring key facilities and timing traffic flow or signals.
- Stockpiling suspicious materials or abandoning potential containers for explosives (e.g., vehicles or suitcases).

The following examples of activity relating to Government Research Facilities, though not fully inclusive, may be of possible concern to law enforcement, as well as this sector:

- Cyber attacks on security measures and information.
- Individual attacks on management/employees.
- Release of chemicals or biological organisms that are the subject of research.
- Attacks during transport of biological organisms or diseased animals.
- Failure of access control systems.
- Transporting infected animals or biological organisms.
- Information management.
- Theft or unexplained loss of chemicals or compounds from your laboratory’s inventory.
- Theft or unexplained loss of biological agents from your laboratory’s inventory.
• Requests to purchase chemicals, compounds, or biological agents from your laboratory.
• Unusual inquiries from individuals concerning the storage of chemicals and bio-agents in the laboratory or how they are handled while on premises.
• Individuals who allege to be a hazardous waste removal or clean-up contractors and are willing to remove your used or unused chemicals from your inventory for an unusually low nominal fee or free of charge.
• Unusual inquiries from individuals who ask how to make explosive or incendiary devices or question the use of bio-agents in similar devices.
• The loss or theft of cryogenic or scintillation vials or similar tubes utilized for containment of cultures, biological, or potential biological agents.
• The significant loss or theft of decontamination liquids or agents.
• Orders for unusual amounts of chemicals or bio-agents that do not follow the normal requisition procedures or by staff who are not authorized to make such purchases.
• Unusual orders for substances that are not normally used in the laboratory’s customary research.
• Individual(s) found loitering in areas where there is easy access to the labs or access to any of the hazardous materials stored in the laboratory.
• Individual(s) found in areas restricted to only curatorial staff and not open to the general public.
• Individual(s) videotaping, photographing, or sketching the premises for no apparent reason.
• Suspicious vehicles parked outside your establishment.

Your impressions and assessment based upon your professional business experience are extremely valuable and should help guide you in determining if a customer request, a fact pattern, or set of circumstances is unusual.

Please remember that the conduct of an individual will not necessarily be criminal in nature. Suspicious incidents should be reported immediately to your local law enforcement agency, Crime Stoppers, or your regional FDLE office. You may also email a tip regarding a suspicious incident utilizing the link on the BusinessSafe homepage.

For all emergencies, call “911.”